

Liquidity Coverage Ratio: March 31, 2024

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is aimed at promoting short-term resilience of banks to potential liquidity disruptions by ensuring that they have sufficient High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to survive an acute stress scenario lasting for 30 days.

Minimum Requirement for Small Finance Banks (as per RBI circular RBI/2019-20/217 DOR.BP.BC.No.65/21.04.098/2019-20 dated April 17, 2020) is 100%.

Particulars	ank for quarter ended March 31, 2024: Quarter ended 31 st March 2024	
	Total Unweighted Value (INR Crores) (average)*	Total Weighted Value (INR Crores) (average)*
High Quality Liquid Assets	(average)	(dverage)
1. Total High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		7,078.94
Cash Outflows		
2. Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	16,498.39	1,298.17
(i) Stable deposits	7,033.40	351.67
(ii) Less stable deposits	9,464.99	946.50
3. Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	6,226.97	4,473.68
(i) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0.00	0.00
(ii) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	980.80	91.93
(iii) Unsecured debt	<mark>5,24</mark> 6.17	4,381.75
4. Secured wholesale funding	1,708.05	71.06
5. Additional requirements, of which	1,001.91	142.07
 (i) Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 	0.00	0.00
(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	0.00	0.00
(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	1,001.91	142.07
6. Other contractual funding obligations	488.75	488.75
7. Other contingent funding obligations	23.59	0.71
8. Total Cash Outflows	25,947.66	6,474.44
Cash Inflows		
9. Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	1.00	0.00
10. Inflows from fully performing exposures	2,099.97	1,298.04
11. Other cash inflows	50.00	0.00
12. Total Cash Inflows	2,150.97	1,298.04
13. TOTAL HQLA		7,078.94
14. Total Net Cash Outflows		5,176.40
15. Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		136.75%

The following table sets out average LCR of the Bank for quarter ended March 31, 2024:

* The average weighted and unweighted amounts is calculated taking simple average based on daily observation for the quarter.



Qualitative Disclosure:

The average LCR for the quarter ended Q4 FY 2024 was at 136.75% well above the present prescribed minimum regulatory requirement of 100%.

The HQLA of the Bank primarily includes government securities in excess of Minimum Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR), cash, balances in excess of mandatory cash requirements with RBI are also included, however, any encumbered SLR securities used for repo borrowings or given to settlement guarantee funds are excluded from HQLA. Additionally, Marginal Standing Facility (MSF) of 2% and the Facility to Avail Liquidity for LCR (FALLCR) of 16% of NDTL is also part of HQLA. The Bank did not hold any Level 2 HQLA instruments during the period.

The Bank has managed to scale down LCR from 180.43% at Q4 FY 2023 to 136.75% for Q4 FY 2024, as a conscious measure by managing major drivers of LCR such as optimum level of HQLA, well diversified liability book in terms of maturity profile and deposit sources. The run off factor for retail and small business customer deposits is lower whereas for deposits from financial institutions outflow factor is higher while non-callable term deposits maturing beyond 30 days are excluded from LCR outflows as per extant regulatory guidelines. Bank's continuous focus on growing retail deposits and gradual reduction of bulk deposits has augured well from LCR perspective. Higher LCR may also be interpreted as carrying excess liquidity and can result in drag on interest income of the Bank. However, Bank has prudently managed the liquidity and LCR during the period.